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M. Robertson

(MODIS-T Project)

Interoffice Memorandum

PPM-91-637

Date

Oct. 24, 1991

Location

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Subject
Radiation Report on TSC430MJA

A radiation evaluation was performed on TSC430MJA to determine the total dose tolerance of these parts. A brief summary of the test results is provided below. For detailed information, refer to Tables I through IV and Figure 1.

The total dose testing was performed using a cobalt-60 gamma ray source. During the radiation testing, eight parts were irradiated under bias (see Figure 1 for bias configuration), and one part was used as a control sample. The total dose radiation steps were 2.5, 5, 10, 20, 40 and 50 krads\*. After 50 krads, parts were annealed at +25°C for 72 and 312 hours. The dose rate was between 0.1 and 0.5 krads/hour, depending on the total dose level (see Table II for radiation schedule). After each radiation exposure and annealing treatment, parts were electrically tested @ +25°C according to the test conditions and the specification limits listed in Table III. Also, parts were tested initially, and after the 50 krads irradiation step at -55°C and +125°C.

Parts passed all tests and stayed within the specified limits up to 2.5 krads of irradiation. Parts began to display degradation in ICCO at 5 krads, where S/N 19 exceeded the specification limit of 300 uA. After 10 krads of irradiation, all irradiated parts exceeded the limit for ICCO. After 20 krads of irradiation, the output resistance also displayed sensitivity to the radiation. ICCO exceeded 10 mA for all parts, and S/N 1, 14 and 17 also exceeded the specification limit for the ROUT test.

After 40 krads exposure, all parts showed continued degradation in ICCO and ROUT. Also, all parts failed to function under static DC conditions as evident by the VOH and VOL failures. However, these parts did pass the 1 MHz functional tests. After investigating the VOH and VOL failures, it was determined that when the part was conditioned for a logic one (1) output, the output would only remain in this state momentarily. Therefore, a 100 kHz functional test was added, which revealed that the part output could sustain a high (1) level for a time interval of 500 ns < TVOH < 5 us, independent of the state of the input. Thus, the exposed parts failed the 100 kHz functional test and the static VOH and VOL tests.

After 50 krads of irradiation, there was not much change from the post 40 krads results. On annealing for 72 and 312 hours, the parts showed no significant recovery.

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Tables IVa and IVb provide a summary of the test results, as well as the mean and standard deviation values for each parameter after different irradiation exposures and annealing steps.

Any further details about this evaluation can be obtained upon request. If you have any questions, please call me at (301) 731-8954.

<sup>\*</sup>In this report, the term rads is used as an abbreviation for rads (Si).

## TABLE I. Part Information

Generic Part Number: TSC430

MODIS-T

Part Number: TSC430MJA/883

MODIS-T

Control Number: 4042

Charge Number: C14041

Manufacturer: Teledyne

Lot Date Code: 9001

Quantity Tested:

Serial Numbers of Radiation Samples: 1, 2, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19

Serial Number of Control Sample: 18

Part Function: MOSFET DRIVER

Part Technology: CMOS

Package Style: 8-pin DIP

Test Engineer: T. Mondy

TABLE II. Radiation Schedule for TSC430

EVENTS	DATE
1) Initial Electrical Measurements	07/18/91
2) 2.5 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.125 krads/hour) POST-2.5 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	08/05/91 08/06/91
3) 5 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.125 krads/hour) POST-5 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	08/06/91 08/07/91
4) 10 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.25 krads/hour) POST-10 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	08/07/91 08/08/91
5) 20 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.5 KRADS/HOUR) POST-20 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	08/08/91 08/09/91
6) 40 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.295 krads/hour) POST-40 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT*	08/09/91 08/15/91
7) 50 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.5 krads/hour) POST-50 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	08/15/91 08/16/91
8) POST 72 HOUR ANNEAL ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS	08/19/91
9) POST 312 HOUR ANNEAL ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS	08/29/91
All electrical measurements performed at +25°C.	

Initial and post 50 krad electrical measurements also performed at  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The post 40 krad and post 312 hour annealing steps also included a 100 kHz functional test.

<sup>\*</sup>Anomalous event - The electrical measurements after 40 krads exposure were delayed by 72 hours. The parts were kept under bias from 8/12 to 8/15.

Table III. Electrical Characteristics of TSC430

A=-55,		LIM	IT	UNITS
TEST	CONDITIONS	<del></del>	_ <del></del>	
		Min	Max	
I INH1	VCC=4.5V, VIN=VCC	-10	10	uА
I <sub>INH2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub>	-10	10	uA
	V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0.0V	-10	10	uA 
I INL2	V <sub>CC</sub> =12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0.0V	-10	10	uA
V <sub>OH1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0.8V,2.4V	4.425		٧
V <sub>OH2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0.8V,2.4V	11.975	<u></u>	V
V <sub>OL1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0.8V,2.4V		.025	V
V <sub>OL2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0.8V,2.4V		.025	V
ROUT1	VCC=12V, VIN=3V, I DUT=10mA		7	OHM
ROUTO	VCC=12V, VIN=OV, IOUT=10mA		7	OHM
Icco	VCC=12V, VIN=OV	0	500	uА
ICCO	VCC=12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =3V	0	8	mΑ
T <sub>D1</sub> 1	VCC=12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0,5V	1	35	nS
τ <sub>D2</sub> 1	VCC=12V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0,5V	1	35	nS

## Exceptions:

The following tests were not performed due to equipment limitations:

TEST:

Explanation:

ATE does not have AC-current capability Requires special fixturing Requires special fixturing Requires special fixturing TSKEW TO, - Text Performed with CL = 35 pF. (OPEN - LOAD)
Notes:

1.  $V_{I\!I}$  and  $V_{I\!I\!H}$  tests are performed G/NGo at 1MHz in the functional test.

TABLE IVa: Summary of Electrical Measurements after
Total Dose Exposures and Annealing for TSC430MJA 1/2/

					1	Total Dose Exposure (krads)									Annealing								
				Init: 25		2		5	<u> </u>	10		20		40	1	50	1	72 hr	Š	312 1	hrs mh2	312 1 100	hrs KhZ
			Limits		sd	mean	sd	mean	ad	mean	sd	mean	şd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean		mean	
Paramet	ters	min	max	mean	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0
IINH1	uA	-10	10	0	<u> </u>			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
IINL1	uA	-10	10	0	0	0	. 0	4.5	0	4.5	0	4.5	_02			2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
VOH1	4	4.425		4.5		4.5		1444 (**********************************	<u> </u>	\$100 S 100 S 2	ö	12	.01	6	6.2	6	6.2	6	6.2	6	6.2	6	6.2
vон2	٧	11.97		12	0	12	0	12	0	12				7		2.3			2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
VOL1	πV	0	25	1.3	.05	1.1	.07	1.1	.08	170 march 200	_	00		6		6	_	6	6.2	6		7-32 CHRS.	€.2
vol2	m∇	. 0	25	1.4	0.1	1,1	_	1.2	.09					192	443	603		603		602	<del></del>	602	608
ROUT1	ohms	5	<b>-</b>	3.2		3.2		W		3.3		3.7	0.8	16E3	443	71.67					1		
ICCC	uА	0	300	147.6	23.8	150	24.9			2950	<del>                                     </del>	-00000000000000000000000000000000000000		describe the second		f*102		2 6	200	7 5	3 6	7.5	3.7
ICC1	mA	0	5	2.2	0.6	2.2	0.7	2,2		2.3				2.9		7.6	3.6		2.0	24 0	1 n a	21.8	0.3
<del></del>	ns	1 1	25	20.7		21.1	3.5	21	3.5	20.9	4	20.8	3.6	19.4	3.5	20.9	0.6	21,1	0.6	6.4	0.5	21.5	1 2 5
TD1	ns	<del> </del>		21		20.9		21	0.8	21.1	0.7	21.5	0.8	21.6	0.8	20.5	0.4	21	0.5	219:	, U.S	2140	1 3.3

<sup>1/</sup> The mean and standard deviation values were calculated over the eight parts irradiated in this testing. The control sample remained constant throughout the testing and is not included in this table.

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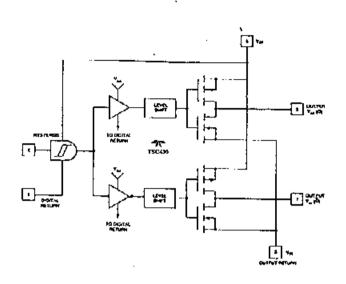
<sup>2/</sup> The notation nE3 implies n  $\times$  1000.

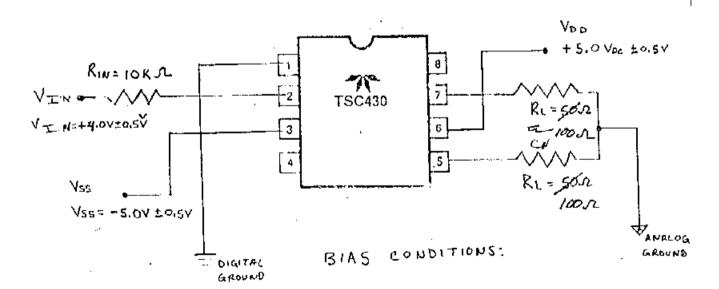
TABLE IVb: Summary of Electrical Measurements @ -55°C and +125°C After Total Dose Exposures for TSC430MJ 1/ 2/

								50	Kra	ds			
				-59	-55	5°C	+125°C						
Parame	- ora	Spec.	Limits max	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd		
rarame IINH1	uA	-10	10	0	0	G	0	0	0	0	0		
IINL1	uA	-10	10	C	0	-204	0	0	0	02	0		
VOH1	v	4.425	<del></del>	4.5	0	4.5	0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2,3		
VOH2		11.97	<u> </u>	12	0	12	0	6	6.2	6	6.2		
VOL1	mV	0	25	1.3	0.1	1.5	0.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3		
VOL2	mV	0	25	1.3	0.1	1.5	0.1	6.0	6.2	5.0	6.2		
ROUT1	ohms	5		2.5		4.5	0.4	603	610	454	588		
1000	υA	0	300	186	30.9	103	23.1	10E3	5E3	16E3	22E3		
ICC1	mA	C	5	2.7	0.8	1.5	0.5	10.2	O	3.69	2.7		
moi	лз	1	25	17.2	3.1	26.8	4.2	21.8	4.2	26.2	2.1		
TD2	ns	1	25	16.8		29		15.6	0.6	28.1	0.6		

<sup>1/</sup> The mean and standard deviation values were calculated over the eight parts irradiated in this testing. The control sample remained constant throughout the testing an is not included in this table.

<sup>2/</sup> The notation nB3 implies n  $\times$  1000.





 $V_{00} = +5.0 V_{00} \pm 0.5 V$  $V_{55} = -5.0 V_{00} \pm 0.5 V$ 

VIN =+4.0V +0.5 V Propaired By: Zemova Mendy 2/22/91 Reviewed By RIN = 10K & ± 10%, 14WATT RI = 50 & ± 10%, YWATT

W Note: The analog ground must be a separate return wire. Do NOT connect to digital ground.